Mathematics 130, First Midterm

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Your	Name:	

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1. (15%) Let A, B, C be collinear points so that A*B*C. Then there is a positive number λ so that $A-B=\lambda(A-C)$. (You may assume that the line containing A, B, C is neither vertical nor horizontal.)

3. (20%) Given two lines $L = \{ax + by = c\}$ and $L' = \{a'x + b'y = c'\}$. Then $L \perp L' \iff aa' + bb' = 0$. (You may assume that a, b, a', b' are all nonzero.)

4. (20%) Prove this part of the C-S inequality: Let P, Q be two points in \mathbf{R}^2 , $Q \neq 0$, so that $|\langle P, Q \rangle| = |P| |Q|$. Then P is a multiple of Q. (You may assume that P and Q are distinct and the coordinates of P and Q are all nonzero.)

5. (25%) Let $D = (d_1, d_2)$ be a point in the interior of $\angle AOC$, where O is the origin and $A = (a_1, a_2)$ and $C = (c_1, c_2)$. Then A and C are on opposite half-planes of the line OD.